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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/661,364	09/12/2003	Eric Meyerhofer	51091/RAG/F392	6757
5514 7.	590 04/21/2005		INER	
FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA			CULLER, JILL E	
NEW YORK, NY 10112		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
·			2854	

DATE MAILED: 04/21/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	110
Office Action Occurrence	10/661,364	MEYERHOFER ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Jill E. Culler	2854	
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RETHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, to the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by some any reply received by the Office later than three months after the rearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a n. a reply within the statutory minimum of thi eriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO statute, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed rly (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 1	11 March 2005		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	This action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for alle		ters, prosecution as to the ments is	
closed in accordance with the practice unc	•	,	
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) <u>1-6,8-10,12-29 and 31-36</u> is/are p 4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>14-23</u> is/are with 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) <u>1-5, 8, 10, 12-13, 24-28, 31, 33-3</u> 7) ☐ Claim(s) <u>6, 9, 29, 32, 36/29 and 36/32</u> is/a 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	drawn from consideration. 25, 36/24-28, 36/31 and 36/33 re objected to.	<u>-35</u> is/are rejected.	
Application Papers			
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Exar 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 15 March 2005 is/a Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co	re: a) accepted or b) ot the drawing(s) be held in abeya prection is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d)) .
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docun 2. Certified copies of the priority docun 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International Bu * See the attached detailed Office action for a	nents have been received. nents have been received in a priority documents have been ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) \(\overline{\text{N}} \) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) \(\overline{\text{N}} \) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date	
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/St Paper No(s)/Mail Date	<i>'</i>	Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

1. Claim 36 objected to because of the following informalities: Claim 36 is dependent upon claim 30, which has been canceled. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 1, 8, 24, 31, 36/24 and 36/31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 5,594,233 to Kenneth et al.

With respect to claims 1 and 8, Kenneth et al. teaches a multi-media printer, 16, comprising: a print module comprising two or more heads, each head for reading and writing a different type of card, the two or more heads selected from the group including a thermal card read/write head, comprising a thermal write head and an optical read head, a magnetic strip card read/write head, 24, and a smart card connector, 26, see column 4, lines 16-19; and a single media drive adapted to couple a card inserted into the multi-media gaming printer to each of the heads, see column 4, lines 19-25, and a controller, 35, coupled to the two or more heads and the single media drive, the controller adapted to detect the type of the inserted card using the read capabilities of

Art Unit: 2854

the two or more heads, see column 5, lines 1-44, and a media motion sensor, 22, see column 5, lines 54-63.

With respect to claims 24 and 31, Kenneth et al. teaches a multi-media printer, 16, comprising: a print module for manipulating cards comprising different types of media, the print module comprising: a first head, 24, for manipulating a first type of card; a second head, 26, for manipulating a second type of card, the first type of card and the second type of card being different card types; see column 4, lines 16-19, and a single media drive adapted to couple a card inserted into the multi-media gaming printer to each of the heads, see column 4, lines 19-25, and a controller, 35, for controlling the print module, the controller adapted to detect the type of the inserted card using the heads, see column 5, lines 1-44, and a media motion sensor, 22, see column 5, lines 54-63.

With respect to claims 36/24 and 36/31, Kenneth et al. teaches that the first head and second head are selected from the group including a thermal card read/write head comprising a thermal write head and an optical read head, a magnetic strip card read/write head, 24, and a smart card connector, 26. See column 4, lines 16-19.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Application/Control Number: 10/661,364

Art Unit: 2854

5. Claims 2, 25 and 36/25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kenneth et al. in view of JP 05169762 to Asakawa.

With respect to claims 2 and 25, Kenneth et al. teaches all that is claimed, as in the above rejection of claims 1, 8, 24, 31, 36/24 and 36/31 except that the single media drive further comprises an articulated media drive adjustable to accommodate media with various thicknesses.

Asakawa teaches an articulated media drive, adjustable to accommodate media with various thicknesses. See abstract.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the invention of Kenneth et al. to have the articulated media drive of Asakawa in order to be able to process a wider variety of cards.

With respect to claim 36/25, Kenneth et al. teaches that the first head and second head are selected from the group including a thermal card read/write head comprising a thermal write head and an optical read head, a magnetic strip card read/write head, 24, and a smart card connector, 26. See column 4, lines 16-19.

6. Claims 3-5, 26-28, 36/36, 36/27 and 36/28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kenneth et al. in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,882,127 to Amano.

With respect to claims 3-4 and 26-27, Kenneth et al. teaches all that is claimed, as in the above rejection of claims 1, 8, 24, 31, 36/24 and 36/31 except for a media

magazine coupled to the controller and operable to receive and transmit media from and to the print module, and a media quantity sensor.

Amano teaches a printer having a media magazine, 21, coupled to a controller and operable to receive and transmit media from and to the print module, and a media quantity sensor, 55. See column 11, line 65 - column 12, line 16 and column 15, lines 54-58.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the invention of Kenneth et al. to have the media magazine and quantity sensor of Amano in order to deliver media to the printer in a controlled manner.

With respect to claims 5 and 28, Kenneth et al. teaches a read/write media information memory. See column 5, lines 8-11.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use the memory of Kenneth et al. with the media magazine structure taught by Amano in order to have better control over the media feeding process.

With respect to claims 36/26, 36/27 and 36/28, Kenneth et al. teaches that the first head and second head are selected from the group including a thermal card read/write head comprising a thermal write head and an optical read head, a magnetic strip card read/write head, 24, and a smart card connector, 26. See column 4, lines 16-19.

7. Claims 10, 33 and 36/33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kenneth et al. in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,364,550 to Petteruti.

With respect to claims 10 and 33, Kenneth et al. teaches all that is claimed, as in the above rejection of claims 1, 8, 24, 31, 36/24 and 36/31 except for an external communication port.

Petteruti teaches a printer having an external communication port, 110. See column 4, line 63 - column 5, line 23.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the invention of Kenneth et al. to have the external communication port of Petteruti to be able to more readily communicate between the printer and another external device.

With respect to claim 36/33, Kenneth et al. teaches that the first head and second head are selected from the group including a thermal card read/write head comprising a thermal write head and an optical read head, a magnetic strip card read/write head, 24, and a smart card connector, 26. See column 4, lines 16-19.

8. Claims 12-13, 34-35, 36/34 and 36/35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kenneth et al. in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,104,311 to Lastinger.

With respect to claims 12 and 34, Kenneth et al. teaches all that is claimed, as in the above rejection of claims 1, 8, 24, 31, 36/24 and 36/31 except for a capacitance security feature head adapted to read a capacitor structure in the inserted card, the capacitor structure comprising conductive inks.

Lastinger teaches a capacitance security feature head, 32, adapted to read a capacitor structure in an inserted card, see column 8, lines 23-51, the capacitor structure comprising conductive inks. See column 8, lines 2-7.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the invention of Kenneth et al. to have the capacity security feature head of Lastinger in order to be better able to identify the status of the card when it is inserted in the printer.

With respect to claims 13 and 35, Kenneth et al. teaches all that is claimed, as in the above rejection of claims 1, 8, 24, 31, 36/24 and 36/31 except for a radio frequency sensor security feature head adapted to read radio waves generated by radio frequency resonators embedded in the inserted card.

Lastinger teaches a radio frequency sensor security feature head, 32,adapted to read radio waves generated by radio frequency resonators embedded in the inserted card. See column 8, lines 23-51.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the invention of Kenneth et al. to have the radio frequency sensor security feature head of Lastinger in order to be better able to identify the status of the card when it is inserted in the printer.

With respect to claims 36/34 and 36/35, Kenneth et al. teaches that the first head and second head are selected from the group including a thermal card read/write head comprising a thermal write head and an optical read head, a magnetic strip card read/write head, 24, and a smart card connector, 26. See column 4, lines 16-19.

Allowable Subject Matter

9. Claims 6, 9, 29, 32, 36/29 and 36/32 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

With respect to claims 6 and 29, the prior art fails to show or render obvious a printer as claimed, particularly including a sensor for determining the cleanliness of the media inserted into the printer.

With respect to claims 9 and 32, the prior art fails to show or render obvious a printer as claimed, particularly including a controller adapted to retract one more of the heads away from the inserted card using an articulated media drive when an embossing sensor detects embossing.

Response to Arguments

10. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-13 and 24-34 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

11. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. U.S. Patent No. 5,426,285 to Sherrod, U.S. Patent No. 5,748,737

Application/Control Number: 10/661,364

Art Unit: 2854

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Page 9

Zuppicich each teach a printer having obvious similarities to the claimed subject matter.

to Daggar, U.S. Patent No. 6,147,605 to Vega et al. and U.S. Patent No. 6,698,654 to

12. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Jill E. Culler whose telephone number is (571) 272-

2159. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Andrew Hirshfeld can be reached on (571) 272-2168. The fax phone

number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-

872-9306.

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jec

ANDREW H. HIRSHFEED
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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